REACH OUT STAY STRONG
ESSENTIALS

ROSE

FOR NEW PARENTS/
CAREGIVERS WORKBOOK

Adapted by Cassandra Uthman
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We will meet every__________,
From _____________ to ________________.

Session E will be a meeting after the birth of your baby.
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Education

Session A

COMMON COMPLAINTS FROM NEW PARENTS/CAREGIVERS

PARENTS/CAREGIVERS

BABY BLUES

POSTPARTUM DEPRESSION

WHERE TO GET HELP

RESOURCES
COMMON COMPLAINTS FROM NEW PARENTS / CAREGIVERS

The new demands, challenges and pressures of parenthood/caregiving can leave you feeling overwhelmed. Here are some common complaints of new parents/caregivers:

- I am irritable
- I can’t sleep
- I feel so nervous
- I feel so guilty
- I feel so tired
- I can’t feel anything
- I have no interest in normal activities
- I can’t get going
- I can’t stop eating
30-80% of people experience Baby Blues

It usually occurs 2-5 days after delivery and usually goes away after about two weeks

- Crying
- Mood swings
- Exhaustion
- Tension
- Anxiety
- Restlessness
POSTPARTUM DEPRESSION

- Sleep problems (example: you cannot return to sleep after feeding the baby)
- Eating problems-eating too much or too little
- Anxiety and worry
- Avoiding people, avoiding contact with the baby, wanting to be on your own
- No energy
- Death wish, suicidal thoughts
- Difficulty having positive feelings towards the baby
- Difficulty making decisions
- Mania-feeling speedy, being excitable and irritable, talking fast, and having less need for sleep
- Panic attacks
- Fears for the baby, fantasies about harming or killing the baby

If you ever feel that you might hurt yourself, your baby or anyone else, please talk to your healthcare provider or call 911
You are not alone

You are not to blame and

You CAN feel better
WHERE TO GET HELP?

YOU ARE NOT ALONE! HELP IS AVAILABLE!
The key is reaching out for support when you need it.

1. LEAN ON FAMILY AND FRIENDS
A few hours of weekly childcare can give you a much needed break.
Sharing feelings openly allows family & friends to provide support.

2. TALK TO A HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL
Doctors will know what options are available to you for assistance and will be familiar with perinatal depression.

3. FIND A SUPPORT GROUP
There are others in your community suffering in similar situations; sharing your feelings in a group of individuals experiencing the same thing can be helpful.
Talk to your health care provider about how to join a group.

4. TALK TO A MENTAL HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL
Mental health care professionals can give you a safe place to express your feelings and will be useful in assisting with management of your symptoms.

5. FOCUS ON WELLNESS
Eat a healthy variety of colorful foods, healthy snacks, and avoid alcohol use.
Exercise, invite friends to go on walks, try a new activity, take time to stretch muscles.
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<tr>
<th>MY RESOURCES</th>
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Session B

CHANGING ROLES

PARENT/CAREGIVER’S SURVIVAL KIT

INCREASING PLEASANT ACTIVITIES

MY CLOSE PEOPLE

DECREASING STRESS

Session B Homework Assignments

1. Daily Relaxation Exercise

2. Daily Pleasant Activity Schedule
# CHANGING ROLES

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>GAINS</th>
<th>LOSSES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Slow your pace</td>
<td>Loss of routine</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spend time with your baby</td>
<td>More household chores</td>
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<tr>
<td>Discover hidden talents</td>
<td>Less time for partner</td>
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<tr>
<td>Learn new things</td>
<td>Loss of productivity</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nice excuse out of chores</td>
<td>Loss of social life</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reactions that the baby has</td>
<td>Loss of space</td>
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<tr>
<td>Growth of the baby</td>
<td>Isolation</td>
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## EXPLORATION OF BENEFITS GAINED

What kinds of new opportunities may arise for you when your baby arrives?

_________________________________________

_________________________________________
Care For The
New Parent/Caregiver

Be your Own
Best Friend
INCREASING PLEASANT ACTIVITIES

1. Thinking about people I like
2. Seeing beautiful scenery
3. Breathing clean air
4. Watching people
5. Having a frank and open conversation
6. Sitting in the sun
7. Wearing clean clothes
8. Doing a project in my own way
9. Listening to music
10. Reading stories, novels, poems, or plays
11. Expressing my love to someone
12. Being with someone I love
13. Complimenting or praising someone
14. Listening to the radio
15. Seeing old friends
16. Soaking in the bathtub
17. Collecting things (coins, shells, etc.)
18. Going to a movie in the middle of the week
19. Laughing
20. Thinking about my past trips
21. Reading magazines or newspapers
22. Taking care of my plants
23. Singing around the house
24. Practicing religion (going to church, group praying, etc.)
25. Painting
26. Doing needlepoint, crewel, etc.
27. Sleeping
28. Doing arts and crafts
29. Making a gift for someone
30. Sewing
31. Going to the beauty parlor
32. Daydreaming
33. Watching TV
34. Thinking about pleasant events
35. Writing diary entries or letters
36. Meditating
37. Playing cards
38. Seeing and/or showing photos or slides
39. Knitting
40. Doing crossword puzzles
41. Dressing up and looking nice
42. Getting a massage
43. Making a jigsaw puzzle
New Parent/Caregiver’s Survival Kit

Nurture yourself physically (e.g., adequate rest, proper food, exercise)

Take breaks “mini vacations” (rest is rest-no chores during breaks!)

Give yourself credit, don’t forget to include the small tasks

Plan at least one event a day involving an adult (e.g., phone call to a friend)

Plan for something fun (e.g., a TV show, bubble bath, look at old pictures)

Ask for help—you cannot do it all

Postpone major changes in your life
Treat yourself

You *deserve* it

This is an *important* time to take care of *yourself*
**MY CLOSE PEOPLE**

*Next to the numbers below, list the adults that are closest to you.*

Think about the following:

- Who are the people in each area that you see the most often?
- To whom can you seek for help?

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<tr>
<th>FAMILY</th>
<th>FRIENDS</th>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<th>SPIRITUAL</th>
<th>WORK</th>
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<td>1. ___________________________</td>
<td>1. ___________________________</td>
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<td>2. ___________________________</td>
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<td>1. ___________________________</td>
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<td>2. ___________________________</td>
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DECREASING STRESS

I want you to make yourself comfortable.
If you want, you can close your eyes.
We are going to start with your feet - curl your toes,
and relax them.
Now dig your heels into the ground and feel the tightness in your legs, and relax - good. Your legs feel loose and heavy.
Now tighten your stomach - hold, feel the tightness and release - very good.
Now I want you to arch your back - feel the tension in your spine and relax your back - just let go - let all the tension leave your body - good.
Make a fist with your hands and slowly raise them to your shoulder - feel the tightness in your arms and let go - just let your arms drop to your side and be loose and heavy, good.
Now raise your shoulders to your ears - feel the tightness in your neck, hold and release - let all the tension go.
I want you to now tighten your mouth as tight as you can - feel the tight-ness in your jaw - good and just relax.
Take a deep breath in - and exhale - just feel all the tension leave your body.
Now tighten your eyes as tight as you can squeeze them - and let go of your body, so it feels nice and relaxed - good, very good. Focus on how calm and relaxed you feel - think of yourself on a soft cloud - feel the soft-ness of the cloud and sink into the cloud - your body feels so loose and heavy. Feel the warm sun on your body and the cool breeze on your face.
Just relax - you feel so peaceful and so safe.
(pause)

Now I am going to count backwards from 5 and when I get to 1, you are going to open your eyes slowly and the feeling of calm and peace will stay with you for the rest of the day.

Breath in 5 ... and exhale calm
Breath in 4 ... and exhale calm
Breath in 3 ... and exhale calm
Breath in 2 ... and exhale calm
Breath in 1 ... and out ... . . . think calm

As you slowly open your eyes, the calm and peace will stay with you.

https://publichealth.msu.edu/flint-research/the-rose-sustainment-study/9-flint/97-decreasing-stress-activity
Daily Pleasant Activity Schedule

Please plan at least three daily activities into your weekly schedule and rate how satisfied you felt afterwards.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DAY</th>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>ACTIVITY</th>
<th>COMPLETE</th>
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<td>When and Where?</td>
<td>How satisfied did you feel?</td>
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<td>0 = not at all 10 = very satisfied</td>
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SIGNED: ___________________________________
Relationships and Communication

Session C

COMMUNICATING WITH LOVED ONES

REMEMBER YOUR RIGHTS

TIPS FOR ASKING OTHERS FOR HELP

GOLDEN RULES FOR BEING ASSERTIVE

Session C Homework Assignments

1. Practice being Assertive
2. Remember:
   - Daily Pleasant Activities
   - Daily Relaxation Exercise
COMMUNICATING WITH LOVED ONES

I would like to change my communication style with:

________________________________________________

1. How is your communication style going with this person? (-10 to 0, communication style is going extremely badly; 1 to 10, extremely well).

   -10 -9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

2. What are the two best things about how you communicate with this person? What kinds of things does this person say or do that make you happy? What makes this person special to you?

   __________________________________________________________

   __________________________________________________________
1. What are the two worst things about how you communicate with this person? What kinds of things do they do that are hard on you? What kinds of things do they forget to do? Do you feel like you get enough time/attention/caring from this person?

2. Interpersonal goals: What kinds of changes or support would you like from this person, other than what he/she/they does now? It is ok to want a person to give more or less of something they already do. It is also ok to ask for support to mean that a person stops doing something that hurts someone’s feelings. If it is hard to identify kinds of support, sometimes it is helpful to think about what a person could possibly say or do that would be helpful.
COMMUNICATING WITH LOVED ONES

Rate the probability that the other person could provide the support you need to reach your goals:

GOALS:

1. ______________________

2. ______________________

3. ______________________

4. ______________________

5. ______________________

MY RATING:

0: not probable 10: very probable

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
It is OK to want or need something from someone else.

I can insist on my rights and still be a good person.

I sometimes have a right to assert myself, even if I may inconvenience others.

I may want to please people I care about, but I don’t have time to please them all of the time.

The fact that I say no to someone does not make me a selfish person.

I can still feel good about myself, even though someone else is annoyed with me.
TIPS FOR ASKING OTHERS FOR HELP

TIMING:
Choose a quiet time. Introduce the fact that you want to talk about something.

NONVERBAL BEHAVIOR:
Use an appropriate tone of voice, avoid threatening posture, make eye contact with the other person, face them directly.

SAY SOMETHING POSITIVE:
Sandwich the negative between positives. Start with a positive and end with a positive.
GOLDEN RULES FOR BEING ASSERTIVE

**DO’S**

An assertive statement has three parts:

I think . . .
I feel . . .
I want . . .

Do’s Rules Include:

Take your **time** (when saying no, “Can I let you know tomorrow?”)

Openly state your **own** feelings, or changes you would like.

Avoid any attacks on the other person, any **threats**, or **insulting statements** about the other person.

**Avoid:** “Never, should, and always.”

Deal with **one issue** at a time (in contrast to “kitchen sinking”).

Criticize the **behavior**, not the person (say what you want them to do, not what you want them to be).

Ask them for what **you** want (in contrast to telling them what they should do).

(“Thanks for being so understanding, I really appreciate it”).

Be willing to **give to get**.

Turn the table: Ask them, “what do **you** think we should do?”
GOLDEN RULES FOR BEING ASSERTIVE

DONT’S

DONT’S RULES INCLUDE:

Judge or blame
Over-apologize
Put yourself down
Guess the other person’s intentions
Mind-read
Give a whole list ("kitchen sinking")
Beat around the bush
Tell the other person what they should do
Expect people to know what you want them to do if you don’t tell them
HOMEWORK ON MAKING AN ASSERTIVE REQUEST

1. One change I will ask for this week
   __________________________________________________________
   __________________________________________________________
   __________________________________________________________

2. Because I want them to listen without feeling upset, I need to be careful to:
   __________________________________________________________
   __________________________________________________________
   __________________________________________________________

3. Date I will try this on:
   __________________________________________________________

Person with whom I will try this:
   __________________________________________________________
Please plan at least three daily activities into your weekly schedule and rate how satisfied you felt afterwards.

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How satisfied did you feel?
0 = not at all
10 = very satisfied

SIGNED: ____________________________________________
SESSION D

Session D Homework Assignments

1. Finish Goal Setting
2. Remember:
   - Daily Pleasant Activity Schedule
   - Daily Relaxation Exercise
“Our society has put parents in a position to think that they must do it all. Superheroes, in reality, are few and far between.”

Corey

“Asking for help brings up feelings of failure.”

Pat
“For the first time, I realized I needed help.”

“You never know what kind of reaction you will get. My parents said, ‘you just have to deal with it.’ This attitude just shuts people down.”

Gabriel
## PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE: MY GOALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MY GOALS</th>
<th>Short-Term Goals (1-3 months)</th>
<th>Middle Goals (3 mo. - 1 year)</th>
<th>Long-Term Goals (1-3 years)</th>
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<td>FRIENDS</td>
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HOLD ON TO YOUR DREAMS. INFANCY DOES NOT LAST FOREVER!
ROSE FINAL TIPS

PLEASANT ACTIVITIES
1. Remember it is important to nurture yourself, and to develop new ways of doing so (if necessary).
2. Adding in positive activities can lessen distress and increase your energy and positive outlook.
3. Remember your pleasant activity contract.

RELAXATION
1. Learning how to manage stress will make you feel better, increase your sense of control, and empower you.
2. Remember to do your relaxation exercises.

CHANGES: BECOMING A NEW PARENT/CAREGIVER
1. Big changes in life, like having a baby, can be stressful.
2. Becoming a new parent/caregiver involves new demands and losses.
3. You may feel fearful, sad, tense, & frustrated - remember you are not alone and you are not to blame.
4. It is important to talk about your feelings, reach out.
5. It is important to replace lost goals when experiencing losses and changes in life. There are both short-term goals (baby steps) and long-term goals.
6. Set ongoing goals. (Infancy does not last forever).
DEALING WITH RELATIONSHIPS

1. You have the right to ask for help and the right to say **NO**.

2. Relationships need constant work, especially when there are changes like having a new baby in your life.

3. **Maintain balance** in your relationships - demands must not outweigh your needs.

REMEMBER

**CELEBRATE YOUR EFFORTS AND SUCCESSES,**
**GIVE YOURSELF CREDIT, EVEN FOR THE SMALL THINGS THAT YOU DO**
**AS A PARTNER, FAMILY MEMBER, FRIEND, OR SOON-TO-BE PARENT/CAREGIVER.**
When I am feeling down or overwhelmed, I can reach out to the following people/resources:

**NAME:**
1. ____________________
2. ____________________
3. ____________________
4. ____________________
5. ____________________

**PHONE NUMBER:**
1. ____________________
2. ____________________
3. ____________________
4. ____________________
5. ____________________

*REMEMBER TO USE THIS SHEET AS A REFERENCE IF YOU ARE FEELING OVERWHELMED OR NEED ASSISTANCE.*
DAILY PLEASANT ACTIVITY SCHEDULE

Please plan at least three daily activities into your weekly schedule and rate how satisfied you felt afterwards.

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SIGNED:_________________________________________
Certificate of Completion

Awarded to:

for successfully completing the ROSE Program

Presented on:

By:

________________________

________________________
Find comfort in nurturing.
Find comfort in being nurtured.
Grieve past losses.
Be irritable.
Be happy sometimes!
Feel impatient with grief, remember to allow time.
Think about the baby often, or “what might have been.”
Feel the baby’s presence.
Feel jealous of people who are pregnant, and find it almost impossible to be around close family and friends with babies.
Reach for something you might have done to cause this. **Forgive and love yourself!**
Most problems are not preventable.
Feel like you have “failed.”
Feel like you will never be back to normal, which is true, it will ever be the same, but a “new normal.”

**WAYS TO TAKE CARE**

**PHYSICAL NEEDS**
Rest
Exercise
Proper food

**EMOTIONAL NEEDS**
Share your feelings—(close friends, relatives)
Express your feelings—(write, sing, talk, draw)
CHOOSING A HEALTHY RELATIONSHIP

Some information about healthy relationships:

I will have a partner in my life who...

- Supports my time spent with friends and family.
- Supports me doing the things I enjoy and helps me grow as a person.
- Makes me feel good about myself.
- Asks for and listens to my opinions.
- Respects my privacy (I do not need to share my password to my email, Facebook, and phone).
- Respects and trusts me, and treats others with respect.

If your relationship is unhealthy, such as your partner giving you constant criticisms, having little caring, not respecting your likes and dislikes, or threatening you, it is important to think about your safety.

Consider...
- You cannot force a person to change their behavior.
- Focus on your needs, take care of yourself.
- Do not isolate yourself. Find emotional support.
- Think about breaking up. You deserve to feel safe and accepted in your relationship.

If you think your partner might be open to going with you to your therapist, counselor, or doctor to talk about the conflict in your relationship, you should discuss the possibility with your therapist and how best to present it to your partner.
**OBTAINING A RESTRAINING ORDER**

**What is a Temporary Restraining Order? (TRO):**

If you think you might be in any danger, a temporary restraining order is recommended.

It is NOT a guarantee of safety, but it is a legal court order that says your abuser must stay away from you.

With a temporary restraining order (TRO), your abuser can be arrested if he/she/they tries to contact you.

**There is no fee for a TRO, and you do not need an attorney to get a TRO.**

**How to get a Temporary Restraining Order (TRO):**

1. Go to your local family or district court to fill out paperwork.
2. After the paperwork is given to a clerk, a judge will review it, and the judge may or may not ask you questions.
3. If the judge signs the order, it is valid for **up to 21 days.**
4. A court officer will then serve your abuser with a copy of the restraining order.

If you feel you are in danger during evening, weekend, or holiday hours, you may be able to get an emergency restraining order against your abuser. **Call your local police department.**

Police have 24-hour access to Family Court and District Court judges who can issue an emergency order of protection.

If you get an emergency restraining order, you will need to go to court on the next business day to finalize the restraining order.

If you are unsure of what to do, you can call a domestic violence agency or a restraining order office for more information.

**Some Helpful Phone Numbers:**

These numbers are also listed on your ROSE Resource Card

- Coalition Against Domestic Violence (National)
  1-800-494-8100 (24-hours)

Other Useful Numbers
SAFETY PLAN FOR BREAKING UP

Ending the relationship might be the best decision for you in the long run, but the break up period can be the most dangerous time in an abusive relationship. They may try to control you through guilt trips, threats or insults. It may be very difficult to have a peaceful or mutual breakup with an abusive partner.

Some Safety Tips:

Plan the break up with help from people you trust.
Speak to your counselor or doctor, or let trusted friends and family know when and how you are breaking up.

Do not break up in isolated place.
Do it where there are people around, especially trusted people. If you do not feel safe, break up over the phone or email.

Prepare what you will say to your partner, why you are ending the relationship. Only say it once.

Avoid being alone with your ex-partner.
If your ex comes to your house when you are alone, don’t go to the door.

Ask for help. Memorize important numbers in case you do not have a cell phone with you. Change your routes and routines, and ask trusted people to be with you.

Trust your feelings: if you are afraid, you probably have good reasons.
If you are in immediate danger, call 911.

If you think you might be in danger, get a restraining order.
If your partner has been violent in the past, chances are good it will happen again, even if your partner promised it wouldn’t happen again. Remember you do not have control over your partner’s violence, but you have some control over how you prepare for it and respond to it.

SAFETY PLAN IF YOU ARE IN AN ABUSIVE RELATIONSHIP

Some Safety Tips:

* Think of a safe place to go if an argument occurs - avoid rooms with no exits (bathroom), or rooms with weapons (kitchen, garage).

* Think about and make a list of safe people to contact. Keep change with you at all times. Keep car keys (and purse) ready and always put them in a place where you can get them quickly.

* Think ahead of safe places you could go (such as staying with a trusted friend or family member)

* Talk with people you trust such as friends, family, neighbors, co-workers, or your therapist, counselor, or doctor.

* Use your judgment and intuition. If the situation is very serious, give your partner what he/she wants to calm him/her down.
SAFETY PLAN IF YOU LEFT AN ABUSIVE RELATIONSHIP

If your partner has been violent in the past, chances are good it will happen again, even if your partner promised it wouldn’t happen again. Remember you do not have control over your partner’s violence, but you have some control over how you prepare for it and respond to it.

Some Safety Tips:

* Change your phone number. Screen calls.
* Save and document all contacts, messages, injuries or other incidents involving the batterer.
* Change locks, if the batterer has a key.
* Avoid staying alone.
* Plan how to get away if confronted by an abusive partner.
* If you have to meet your partner, do it in a public place.
* Vary your routine.
* Notify school and work contacts.
* If you have a protection order, always keep it on or near your person.
* Call a shelter for battered persons.
IF I HAVE TO LEAVE, I SHOULD TAKE

* Identification for myself
* Children’s birth certificates
* My birth certificate
* Social Security Cards
* School and vaccination records
* Money
* Checkbook, ATM card
* Credit cards
* Keys (house, car, office)
* Driver’s license and registration
* Medications
* Eyeglasses
* Lease
* Non-perishable snacks for you and your children (e.g. juice and crackers)
* Baby’s things (diapers, formula, medication)

Prepare ahead of time just in case you have to leave in a rush.
# TELEPHONE NUMBERS I NEED TO KNOW

National Domestic Violence Hotline: **1-800-799-SAFE (7233) (24-hour)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Phone Number</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Police/Sheriff’s Department near home, school, and work:</td>
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<td>Local Domestic Violence Program:</td>
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<td>Restraining Order Office:</td>
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<td>Lawyer Referral Service/Legal Services Agency:</td>
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<td>Therapist/Counselor:</td>
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<td>Work number:</td>
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<td>Supervisor’s home number:</td>
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<td>Minister/Priest/Rabbi/Faith Leader:</td>
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